Year 3-RE-Term 1: Christianity

Curriculum Key Question: Where have we come from?

Topic: How do we know dinosaurs existed?

What do Christians learn from the Creation story?

What should I already know?

PUPILS WILL KNOW THAT CHRISTIANS BELIEVE:

- · God the Creator cares for the creation, including human beings.
- · As human beings are part of God's good creation, they do best when they listen to God.
- The Bible shows that God wants to help people to be close to him - he keeps his relationship with them, gives them guidelines on good ways to live (such as the Ten Commandments).
- Building block from EYFS: Christians believe God made our wonderful world and so we should look after it.]

Skills I will develop:

Make links between beliefs, stories and practices.

Identify the impacts of beliefs and practices on people's lives.

Describe what a believer might learn from a religious story.

Ask important questions about life and compare their ideas with those of other people.

Link things that are important to us and other people with the way they think and behave.





Do whatever you want

with the Earth

- you're the boss!

Leave the earth alone













Put all the animals in

zoos so you can show





Care for plants and

animals - they belong

to God, but you are the

gardeners and farmers.

There is plenty of

food for all, but don't

be greedy.





Key Vocabulary (including definition)

Creation	The action or process of bringing
	something into existence.
Earth	The planet on which we live.
Bible	An important book for Christians
Nature	Plants, animals, the landscape, and other
	features and products of the earth
Environment	The natural world, as a whole or in a
	particular geographical area, especially as
	affected by human activity.
Responsibility	A moral obligation or opportunity to take
	care of something.
Stewardship	The job of supervising or taking care of
	something.
Pollution	The presence in or introduction into the
	environment of a substance which has
	harmful or poisonous effects.
Sustainability	Avoidance of the overuse of natural
	resources in order to maintain an
	ecological balance.
Recycling	The action or process of converting waste
	into reusable material.

