Year 2 Term 4 Music: Zootime



Curriculum Key Question: How can I express myself?

Topic: How does your garden grow?

Key Vocabulary

- Reggae Developed in the 1970s and originated from Jamaica, Reggae defined by Bob Marley. It has a prominent bass beat and a strong offbeat usually played on the guitar.
- **Keyboard**: An electric instrument played like the piano. It has a range of prerecorded sounds.
- Pulse/beat: The heartbeat or steady beat of a sona/piece of music.
- Rhythm: A musical dimension that describes the combination of long and short sounds to make patterns.
- Pitch: A musical dimension that describes the range of high and low sounds.
- Improvise: To make up a tune and play it on the spot. There is an assumption that it can never be recreated.
- Composing: Creating and developing musical ideas and 'fixina' them.
- Performing: Singing and playing instruments for others to hear.
- Dynamics: A musical dimension indicating how loudly or quietly the music is being played.
- Melody: Another name for
- Tempo: A musical dimension that describes how fast or slowly the music is played.





This unit is about animals and reggae music.

Listening

- -Find the pulse as you listen to the music – dance, wiggle, march and clap.
- -Instruments/voices you can hear – keyboard, drums, bass, electric guitar, singers.

Musical Activities

- Find the pulse
- Clappina rhythms
- Pitch is high and low sounds. We add pitch to the pulse and rhythm when we sing and play an instrument.
- Singing
- Playing instruments using up to two notes (C + D)
- Improvise using notes C + D
- Compose a simple melody using simple rhythms, choosing from the notes C + D or C, D + E.



Perform and Share





What should I already know?

- To learn how they can enjoy moving to music by dancing, marching, being animals or pop stars.
- To find the pulse.
- Listen to the rhythm and clap back.
- Create rhtythms for others to copy.
- Listen and sing back.
- Learn about voices, singing notes of different pitches.
- Learn that they can make different types of sounds with their voices.
- Learn to start and stop singing following a leader.
- Play a tuned instrumental part with the song they perform.
- Learn to play an instrumental part that mathses their musical challenge, using one of the differentiated parts.
- Listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader.

Skills I will develop:

- To learn how they can enjoy moving to music by dancina, marchina, beina animals or pop stars.
- To learn how songs can tell a story or describe an idea.
- To find the pulse
- Copy back short rhythmic patterns.
- Create rhythms for other others to copy.
- Learn about voices singing notes on different pitches.
- Learn that you can make different types of sounds with their voices – you can rap.
- Learn to find a comfortable singing position.
- Learn to play a tuned instrumental part.
- Play a part in time with the steady pulse.
- Listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader.

